## Use of Force Continuum

**Control Theory** 

The goal is control. Control is not 50/50. You need the advantage in order to gain control. The ability to disengage or escalate in imperative.

**DEADLY FORCE** 

Age Gender Size **Fitness Level Multiple Officers Multiple Subjects Special Circumstances Close Proximity to a** Weapon Special Knowledge **Injury or Exhaustion Ground Position** Disability **Imminent Danger** 

Action

Assailant

PRESENCE

VERBAL

officer Reaction

SOFT HANDS

CHEMICAL

**Force Options** 

HARD HANDS

ASP/TASER

**Totality of the Situation** 

**Officer/Subject Factors** 

## Use of Force Continuum Definitions

## • Officer Presence — No force is used. Considered the best way to resolve a situation.

- The mere presence of a law enforcement officer works to deter crime or diffuse a situation.
- Officers' attitudes are professional and nonthreatening.
- Verbalization Force is not-physical.
  - Officers issue calm, nonthreatening commands, such as "Let me see your identification and registration."
  - Officers may increase their volume and shorten commands in an attempt to gain compliance. Short commands might include "Stop," or "Don't move."
- Empty-Hand Control Officers use bodily force to gain control of a situation.
  - *Soft technique.* Officers use grabs, holds and joint locks to restrain an individual.
  - *Hard technique.* Officers use punches and kicks to restrain an individual.

## • Less-Lethal Methods — Officers use less-lethal technologies to gain control of a situation.

- *Blunt impact.* Officers may use a baton or projectile to immobilize a combative person.
- Chemical. Officers may use chemical sprays or projectiles embedded with chemicals to restrain an individual (e.g., pepper spray).
- Conducted Energy Devices (CEDs). Officers may use CEDs to immobilize an individual. CEDs discharge a high-voltage, low-amperage jolt of electricity at a distance.
- Lethal Force Officers use lethal weapons to gain control of a situation. Should only be used if a suspect poses a serious threat to the officer or another individual.
  - Officers use deadly weapons such as firearms to stop an individual's actions.